

Version 3.1

Revision Date 04/28/2016 Ref. 130000050993

This SDS adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

#### **SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : Freon MP39 refrigerant

Tradename/Synonym : Suva® MP39

R-401A

Product Grade/Type : ASHRAE Refrigerant number designation: R-401A

Product Use : Refrigerant, For professional users only.

Restrictions on use : Do not use product for anything outside of the above specified uses

Manufacturer/Supplier : The Chemours Company FC, LLC

1007 Market Street Wilmington, DE 19899 United States of America

Product Information : 1-844-773-CHEM (outside the U.S. 1-302-773-1000)
Medical Emergency : 1-866-595-1473 (outside the U.S. 1-302-773-2000)

Transport Emergency : CHEMTREC: +1-800-424-9300 (outside the U.S. +1-703-527-3887)

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

Product hazard category

Gases under pressure Liquefied gas



Version 3.1

Revision Date 04/28/2016 Ref. 130000050993

**Label content** 

Pictogram :



Signal word : Warning

Hazardous warnings : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Hazardous prevention

measures

: Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

#### Other hazards

Misuse or intentional inhalation abuse may lead to death without warning.

Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing.

Rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause frostbite.

### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Component	CAS-No.	Concentration
Chlorodifluoromethane (HCFC-22)	75-45-6	53 %
2-Chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (HCFC-124)	2837-89-0	34 %



Version 3.1

Revision Date 04/28/2016 Ref. 130000050993

1,1-Difluoroethane (HFC-152a)	75-37-6	13 %	

### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. When symptoms

persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove from exposure, lie down. Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at

rest. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. Consult a physician.

Skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Flush area with

lukewarm water. Do not use hot water. If frostbite has occurred, call a

physician.

Eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

Ingestion : Is not considered a potential route of exposure.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute

and delayed

: Anaesthetic effects Light-headedness irregular heartbeat with a strange sensation in the chest, heart thumping, apprehension, feeling of fainting,

dizziness or weakness

Protection of first-aiders : If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective

equipment.

Notes to physician : Because of possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine drugs,

such as epinephrine, that may be used in situations of emergency life support

should be used with special caution.

### SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES



Version 3.1

Revision Date 04/28/2016 Ref. 130000050993

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and

the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: No applicable data available.

Specific hazards : Cylinders are equipped with pressure and temperature relief devices, but may

still rupture under fire conditions. Decomposition may occur. Contact of welding or soldering torch flame with high concentrations of refrigerant can result in visible changes in the size and colour of the torch flame. This flame

effect will only occur in concentrations of product well above the recommended exposure limit. Therefore stop all work and ventilate to disperse refrigerant vapors from the work area before using any open flames. This substance is not flammable in air at temperatures up to 100 deg. C (212 deg. F) at atmospheric pressure. However, mixtures of this substance with high concentrations of air at elevated pressure and/or temperature can become combustible in the presence of an ignition source. This substance can also become combustible in an oxygen enriched environment (oxygen

concentrations greater than that in air). Whether a mixture containing this substance and air, or this substance in an oxygen enriched atmosphere become combustible depends on the inter-relationship of 1) the temperature 2) the pressure, and 3) the proportion of oxygen in the mixture. In general, this substance should not be allowed to exist with air above atmospheric pressure or at high temperatures; or in an oxygen enriched environment. For example this substance should NOT be mixed with air under pressure for leak

testing or other purposes. Experimental data have also been reported which

indicate combustibility of this substance in the presence of certain

concentrations of chlorine.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment. Wear neoprene gloves during cleaning up work after a

fire.

Further information : Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Self-contained breathing apparatus

(SCBA) is required if containers rupture and contents are released under fire

conditions.

Water runoff should be contained and neutralized prior to release.



Version 3.1

Revision Date 04/28/2016 Ref. 130000050993

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Safeguards (Personnel) : Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed

places where heavy vapours might collect. Refer to protective measures

listed in sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions : Should not be released into the environment.

In accordance with local and national regulations.

Spill Cleanup : Evaporates.

Ventilate area using forced ventilation, especially low or enclosed places

where heavy vapors might collect.

Accidental Release Measures : Avoid open flames and high temperatures. Self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) is required if a large release occurs.

#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Handling (Personnel) : Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. For personal

protection see section 8.

Handling (Physical Aspects) : The product should not be mixed with air for leak testing or used with air for

any other purpose above atmospheric pressure. Contact with chlorine or

other strong oxidizing agents should also be avoided.

Dust explosion class : Not applicable

Storage : Valve protection caps and valve outlet threaded plugs must remain in place

unless container is secured with valve outlet piped to use point. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Use a pressure reducing regulator when connecting cylinder to lower pressure (<3000 psig) piping or systems. Never attempt to lift cylinder by its cap. Use a



Version 3.1

Revision Date 04/28/2016

Ref. 130000050993

check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent hazardous back flow into the cylinder. Cylinders should be stored upright and firmly secured to

prevent falling or being knocked over.

Separate full containers from empty containers. Keep at temperature not exceeding 52°C. Do not store near combustible materials. Avoid area where

salt or other corrosive materials are present.

The product has an indefinite shelf life when stored properly.

Storage period : > 10 yr

Storage temperature : < 52 °C (< 126 °F)

#### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering controls : Use sufficient ventilation to keep employee exposure below recommended

limits. Local exhaust should be used when large amounts are released. Mechanical ventilation should be used in low or enclosed places. Refrigerant Concentration monitors may be necessary to determine vapor concentrations in work areas prior to use of torches or other open flames, or if employees are

entering enclosed areas.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Under normal manufacturing conditions, no respiratory protection is required

when using this product.

Hand protection : Additional protection: Impervious gloves

Hand protection : Additional protection: The choice of an appropriate glove does not only

depend on its material but also on other quality features and is different from one producer to the other., Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which

the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact

time.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields. Additionally wear a face shield where

the possibility exists for face contact due to splashing, spraying or airborne

contact with this material.

### Safety Data Sheet



# Freon<sup>™</sup> MP39 refrigerant

Version 3.1

Revision Date 04/28/2016 Ref. 130000050993

Protective measures : Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is required if a large release

occurs.

Exposure Guidelines
Exposure Limit Values

Chlorodifluoromethane

TLV (ACGIH) 1,000 ppm TWA

#### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance

Physical state : gaseous
Form : Liquefied gas
Color : colourless

Odor : slight, ether-like

Odor threshold : No applicable data available.

pH : neutral

Melting point/range : No applicable data available.

Boiling point/boiling range : Boiling point

-32.9 °C (-27.2 °F)

Flash point : does not flash

Evaporation rate : > 1

(CCL4=1.0)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit : Method: None per ASTM E681



Version 3.1

Revision Date 04/28/2016 Ref. 130000050993

Lower explosion limit : Method: None per ASTM E681

Vapor pressure : 7,765 hPa at 25 °C (77 °F)

Vapor density : 3.3 at 25°C (77°F) and 1013 hPa (Air=1.0)

Specific gravity (Relative

density)

: 1.19 at 25 °C (77 °F)

Water solubility : 1.0 g/l at 25 °C (77 °F) at 1,013 hPa

Solubility(ies) : No applicable data available.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No applicable data available.

Auto-ignition temperature : No applicable data available.

Ignition temperature : 681 °C

Decomposition temperature : No applicable data available.

Viscosity, kinematic : No applicable data available.

Viscosity, dynamic : No applicable data available.

% Volatile : 100 %

### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid open flames and high temperatures.



Version 3.1

Revision Date 04/28/2016 Ref. 130000050993

Incompatible materials : Alkali metals Alkaline earth metals, Powdered metals, Powdered metal salts

Hazardous decomposition

products

Decomposition products are hazardous., This material can be decomposed by high temperatures (open flames, glowing metal surfaces, etc.) forming hydrochloric and hydrofluoric acids, and possibly carbonyl halides., These materials are toxic and irritating.. Avoid contact with decomposition products

### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Chlorodifluoromethane (HCFC-22)

Inhalation 4 h LC50 : > 150000 ppm, Mouse

Inhalation Low Observed

Adverse Effect

Concentration (LOAEC)

Inhalation No Observed

Adverse Effect Concentration Skin irritation : 25000 ppm , Dog

50000 ppm , Dog Cardiac sensitization

Cardiac sensitization

Concentration

Skin irritation : Not expected to cause skin irritation based on expert review of the

properties of the substance.

Eye irritation : Not expected to cause eye irritation based on expert review of the

properties of the substance.

Skin sensitization : Not expected to cause sensitization based on expert review of the

properties of the substance.

Repeated dose toxicity : Inhalation

Mouse

gas

No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Carcinogenicity : Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Overall weight of evidence indicates that the substance is not

carcinogenic.

Mutagenicity : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Experiments showed mutagenic effects in cultured bacterial cells.



Version 3.1

Revision Date 04/28/2016 Ref. 130000050993

Reproductive toxicity : No toxicity to reproduction

Teratogenicity : Animal testing showed effects on embryo-fetal development at levels

equal to or above those causing maternal toxicity.

Further information : Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit : 175000 mg/m3

2-Chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (HCFC-124)

Inhalation 4 h LC50 : > 230000 ppm , Rat

Anaesthetic effects

Central nervous system effects

Inhalation Low Observed

Adverse Effect

25000 ppm , Dog Cardiac sensitization

Concentration (LOAEC)

Concentration (LOAEC)

Inhalation No Observed

Adverse Effect Concentration

: 10000 ppm , Dog

Cardiac sensitization

Skin irritation : Not expected to cause skin irritation based on expert review of the

properties of the substance.

Eye irritation : Not expected to cause eye irritation based on expert review of the

properties of the substance.

Skin sensitization : Not expected to cause sensitization based on expert review of the

properties of the substance.

Does not cause respiratory sensitisation.,

There are no reports of human respiratory sensitization.

Repeated dose toxicity : Inhalation

multiple species

No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Carcinogenicity : Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Mutagenicity : Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic

effects.



Version 3.1

Revision Date 04/28/2016 Ref. 130000050993

Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Teratogenicity : Animal testing showed no developmental toxicity.

Further information Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit: 140000 mg/m3

1,1-Difluoroethane (HFC-152a)

Inhalation 4 h LC50 : > 437500 ppm , Rat

Inhalation No Observed

Adverse Effect

Concentration Inhalation Low Observed

Adverse Effect

Concentration (LOAEC)

Skin sensitization Does not cause respiratory sensitisation., Rat

: 50000 ppm, Dog

: 150000 ppm, Dog Cardiac sensitization

Cardiac sensitization

Repeated dose toxicity Inhalation

Rat

NOAEL: 67.485 mg/l

No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Carcinogenicity Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects. Mutagenicity

Did not cause genetic damage in cultured bacterial cells. Tests on mammalian cell cultures showed mutagenic effects.

Reproductive toxicity No toxicity to reproduction

Animal testing showed no reproductive toxicity.

Teratogenicity : Animal testing showed no developmental toxicity.

Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit: 405000 mg/m3 Further information

Carcinogenicity



Version 3.1

Revision Date 04/28/2016 Ref. 130000050993

The carcinogenicity classifications for this product and/or its ingredients have been determined according to HazCom 2012, Appendix A.6. The classifications may differ from those listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (latest edition) or those found to be a potential carcinogen in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (latest edition).

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, or OSHA, as a carcinogen.

#### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Aquatic Toxicity** 

Chlorodifluoromethane (HCFC-22)

96 h LC50 : Zebra fish 777 mg/l

96 h EC50 : Algae 250 mg/l

48 h EC50 : Daphnia magna (Water flea) 433 mg/l

1,1-Difluoroethane (HFC-152a)

96 h LC50 : Fish 295.78 mg/l

96 h EC50 : Algae 47.76 mg/l

48 h EC50 : Daphnia (water flea) 146.7 mg/l

**Environmental Fate** 

Chlorodifluoromethane (HCFC-22)

Biodegradability : According to the results of tests of biodegradability this product is not

readily biodegradable.

#### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste disposal methods -

Product

: Can be used after re-conditioning. Recover by distillation or remove to a permitted waste disposal facility. Comply with applicable Federal,

State/Provincial and Local Regulations.



Version 3.1

Revision Date 04/28/2016 Ref. 130000050993

Contaminated packaging : Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier.

#### SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT UN number : 3163

Proper shipping name : Liquefied gas, n.o.s. (Chlorodifluoromethane, 2-Chloro-

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane)

Class : 2.2

Labelling No. : 2.2 IATA C UN number : 3163

Proper shipping name : Liquefied gas, n.o.s. (Chlorodifluoromethane, 2-Chloro-

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane)

Class : 2.2

Labelling No. : 2.2 IMDG UN number : 3163

Proper shipping name : LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S. (Chlorodifluoromethane, 2-

Chloro-1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane)

Class : 2.2 Labelling No. : 2.2

### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

SARA 313 Regulated

Chemical(s)

 $: \ \ 1\text{-}Chloro\text{-}1,2,2,2\text{-}tetrafluoroethane, Chlorodifluoromethane}$ 

PA Right to Know Regulated Chemical(s) : Substances on the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List present at a concentration of 1% or more (0.01% for Special Hazardous Substances):

Chlorodifluoromethane

NJ Right to Know

: Substances on the New Jersey Workplace Hazardous Substance List present

Regulated Chemical(s) at a concentration of 1% or more (0.1% for substances identified as



Version 3.1

Revision Date 04/28/2016 Ref. 130000050993

carcinogens, mutagens or teratogens): 1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane,

1,1-Difluoroethane, Chlorodifluoromethane

California Prop. 65 : Chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or

any other harm: none known

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Freon<sup>™</sup> and any associated logos are trademarks or copyrights of The Chemours Company FC, LLC. Chemours ™ and the Chemours Logo are trademarks of The Chemours Company.

Before use read Chemours safety information. For further information contact the local Chemours office or nominated distributors.

Revision Date : 04/28/2016

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Significant change from previous version is denoted with a double bar.